

**(E)-2-[1-(2,4-Dimethoxyphenylimino)-ethyl]phenol**Mehmet Akkurt,<sup>a\*</sup> Selvi Karaca,<sup>a</sup> Ali Asghar Jarrahpour,<sup>b</sup> Shadab Rezaei<sup>b</sup> and Orhan Büyükgüngör<sup>c</sup><sup>a</sup>Department of Physics, Faculty of Arts and Sciences, Erciyes University, 38039 Kayseri, Turkey, <sup>b</sup>Department of Chemistry, College of Sciences, Shiraz University, 71454 Shiraz, Iran, and <sup>c</sup>Department of Physics, Faculty of Arts and Sciences, Ondokuz Mayıs University, 55139 Samsun, Turkey  
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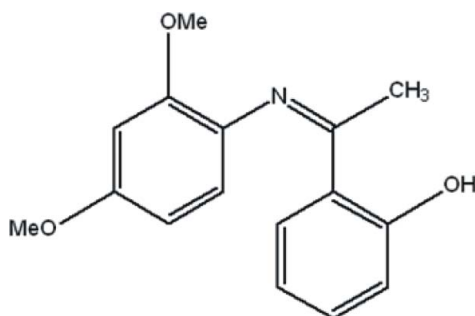
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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study;  $T = 296$  K; mean  $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.002$  Å;  $R$  factor = 0.038;  $wR$  factor = 0.100; data-to-parameter ratio = 14.7.

In the title compound,  $\text{C}_{16}\text{H}_{17}\text{NO}_3$ , the dihedral angle between the two benzene rings is  $66.20(8)^\circ$ . The molecular conformation is stabilized by an intramolecular  $\text{O}-\text{H}\cdots\text{N}$  hydrogen bond formed between the phenol OH group and the Schiff base N atom.

**Related literature**

For background, see: Abilgaard *et al.* (2004); Allen *et al.* (1987); Dietz *et al.* (2000).

**Experimental***Crystal data* $\text{C}_{16}\text{H}_{17}\text{NO}_3$   
 $M_r = 271.31$ Monoclinic,  $P2_1/c$   
 $a = 11.0449(8)$  Å $b = 9.1047(4)$  Å  
 $c = 15.775(1)$  Å  
 $\beta = 118.190(5)^\circ$   
 $V = 1398.18(16)$  Å<sup>3</sup>  
 $Z = 4$ Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation  
 $\mu = 0.09$  mm<sup>-1</sup>  
 $T = 296$  K  
 $0.62 \times 0.56 \times 0.52$  mm*Data collection*Stoe IPDSII diffractometer  
Absorption correction: integration  
(*X-RED32*; Stoe & Cie, 2002)  
 $T_{\min} = 0.947$ ,  $T_{\max} = 0.955$ 16824 measured reflections  
2754 independent reflections  
2139 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$   
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.055$ *Refinement* $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.038$   
 $wR(F^2) = 0.100$   
 $S = 1.01$   
2754 reflections  
187 parametersH atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement  
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.16$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>  
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.14$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>**Table 1**

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D-H\cdots A$	$D-H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-H\cdots A$
$\text{O3}-\text{H3A}\cdots\text{N1}$	0.976 (19)	1.588 (18)	2.5026 (15)	154.0 (19)

Data collection: *X-Area* (Stoe & Cie, 2002); cell refinement: *X-Area*; data reduction: *X-RED32* (Stoe & Cie, 2002); program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 1997); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 1997); molecular graphics: *ORTEP-3 for Windows* (Farrugia, 1997); software used to prepare material for publication: *WinGX* (Farrugia, 1999).

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: HB2486).

**References**

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**supplementary materials**

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## (*E*)-2-[1-(2,4-Dimethoxyphenylimino)ethyl]phenol

M. Akkurt, S. Karaca, A. A. Jarrahpour, S. Rezaei and O. Büyükgüngör

### Comment

Schiff bases derived from 2-hydroxyacetophenone are important ligands for transition metal complexes, especially for Ni and Cu (Dietz *et al.*, 2000). These Schiff bases are also interesting in hydrogen-bonding studies (Abilgaard *et al.*, 2004).

The title molecule, (I), (Fig. 1) adopts an *E* configuration with respect to the C=N double bond, with a C1—N1=C10—C11 torsion angle of  $-177.45(14)^\circ$  and a C1—N1=C10 angle of  $124.58(12)^\circ$ . In the hydroxyl group of the title compound, the C12—O3 bond distance is  $1.3439(18) \text{ \AA}$ . The C1—N1 and N1=C10 bond distances are  $1.4230(18) \text{ \AA}$  and  $1.2856(19) \text{ \AA}$ , respectively, in agreement with the mean literature values (Allen *et al.*, 1987). In the title compound, the two benzene rings make a dihedral angle of  $66.20(8)^\circ$  with each other.

An intramolecular O—H $\cdots$ N hydrogen bond forms between the phenol OH group and the Schiff base N atom. The molecular structure is stabilized by this interaction and the crystal packing (Fig. 2) mainly by van der Waals forces.

### Experimental

2-Hydroxyacetophenone (1.36 g, 1.2 ml, 10 mmol) and 2,4-dimethoxyaniline (0.79 g, 5.0 mmol) were dissolved in warm ethanol (10 ml). The reaction mixture was refluxed for 5 h and allowed to stand aside. Crude crystals were filtered off and washed with ethanol. The pure Schiff base was recrystallized as light brown crystals from ethanol (yield 98%, m.p. 644–646 K).

The IR spectrum showed absorption bands at  $1612 \text{ cm}^{-1}$  (C=N) and a signal for hydroxyl group at  $3423 \text{ cm}^{-1}$ . The  $^1\text{H-NMR}$  spectrum showed signals for CH<sub>3</sub> at 1.92, OCH<sub>3</sub> at 3.62, 3.64, ArH at 6.23–7.36 p.p.m. and hydroxyl proton at 14.12 p.p.m.. The  $^{13}\text{C-NMR}$  spectrum showed (CH<sub>3</sub>) at 17.0 p.p.m., (OCH<sub>3</sub>) at 54.87, 55.16 (ArC) at 103.82–132.09 p.p.m. (Ph—C—OH) at 162.36 and (C=N) 171.23 p.p.m.. The mass spectrum showed the base peak at *m/e* 271 and a peak at *m/e* 240 which is due to C<sub>15</sub>H<sub>14</sub>NO<sub>2</sub>.

### Refinement

The H atom of the hydroxy group was found from a difference Fourier map and refined freely. The other H atoms were geometrically placed and refined by using a riding model, with C—H =  $0.93 - 0.96 \text{ \AA}$  and with  $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.2U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C}_{\text{aromatic}})$  or  $1.5U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C}_{\text{methyl}})$ .

## Figures

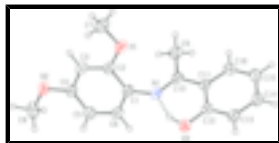


Fig. 1. View of (I) with 30% probability displacement ellipsoids for the non-hydrogen atoms.

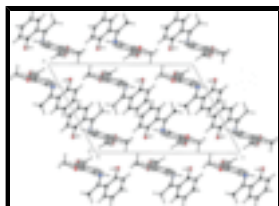


Fig. 2. The packing of the title compound, down the *b* axis.

## (*E*)-2-[1-(2,4-Dimethoxyphenylimino)ethyl]phenol

### Crystal data

$C_{16}H_{17}NO_3$

$M_r = 271.31$

Monoclinic,  $P2_1/c$

Hall symbol: -P 2ybc

$a = 11.0449$  (8) Å

$b = 9.1047$  (4) Å

$c = 15.775$  (1) Å

$\beta = 118.190$  (5)°

$V = 1398.18$  (16) Å<sup>3</sup>

$Z = 4$

$F_{000} = 576$

$D_x = 1.289$  Mg m<sup>-3</sup>

Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation

$\lambda = 0.71073$  Å

Cell parameters from 23005 reflections

$\theta = 1.9$ – $27.9$ °

$\mu = 0.09$  mm<sup>-1</sup>

$T = 296$  K

Prism, light brown

$0.62 \times 0.56 \times 0.52$  mm

### Data collection

Stoe IPDS II  
diffractometer

Monochromator: plane graphite

Detector resolution: 6.67 pixels mm<sup>-1</sup>

$T = 296$  K

$\omega$  scans

Absorption correction: integration  
(X-RED32; Stoe & Cie, 2002)

$T_{\min} = 0.947$ ,  $T_{\max} = 0.955$

16824 measured reflections

2754 independent reflections

2139 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$

$R_{\text{int}} = 0.055$

$\theta_{\max} = 26.0$ °

$\theta_{\min} = 2.1$ °

$h = -13 \rightarrow 13$

$k = -11 \rightarrow 11$

$l = -19 \rightarrow 19$

### Refinement

Refinement on  $F^2$

Least-squares matrix: full

Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites

H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.038$	$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.049P)^2 + 0.1562P]$
$wR(F^2) = 0.100$	where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
$S = 1.01$	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} < 0.001$
2754 reflections	$\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.16 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
187 parameters	$\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.14 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods	Extinction correction: SHELXL97 (Sheldrick, 1997), $FC^* = KFC[1 + 0.001XFC^2\Lambda^3/\text{SIN}(2\Theta)]^{-1/4}$
Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map	Extinction coefficient: 0.026 (2)

### Special details

**Geometry.** Bond distances, angles *etc.* have been calculated using the rounded fractional coordinates. All su's are estimated from the variances of the (full) variance-covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account in the estimation of distances, angles and torsion angles

**Refinement.** Refinement on  $F^2$  for ALL reflections except those flagged by the user for potential systematic errors. Weighted  $R$ -factors  $wR$  and all goodnesses of fit  $S$  are based on  $F^2$ , conventional  $R$ -factors  $R$  are based on  $F$ , with  $F$  set to zero for negative  $F^2$ . The observed criterion of  $F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)$  is used only for calculating  $-R$ -factor-obs *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement.  $R$ -factors based on  $F^2$  are statistically about twice as large as those based on  $F$ , and  $R$ -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

### Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )

	$x$	$y$	$z$	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
O1	0.81398 (12)	0.67302 (11)	0.30408 (8)	0.0624 (4)
O2	0.89590 (11)	1.18714 (11)	0.34470 (8)	0.0613 (4)
O3	0.82320 (11)	0.50782 (12)	0.59626 (7)	0.0604 (3)
N1	0.73912 (12)	0.66600 (12)	0.44954 (8)	0.0474 (4)
C1	0.76813 (14)	0.79933 (14)	0.41560 (9)	0.0460 (4)
C2	0.81382 (14)	0.80397 (14)	0.34636 (9)	0.0461 (4)
C3	0.85456 (14)	0.93581 (15)	0.32488 (10)	0.0492 (4)
C4	0.85139 (13)	1.06387 (14)	0.37117 (9)	0.0467 (4)
C5	0.80608 (15)	1.06124 (16)	0.43887 (10)	0.0538 (5)
C6	0.76698 (16)	0.92831 (16)	0.46068 (10)	0.0545 (5)
C7	0.8797 (2)	0.66865 (19)	0.24560 (12)	0.0676 (6)
C8	0.8879 (2)	1.32196 (17)	0.38609 (14)	0.0721 (6)
C9	0.52977 (16)	0.6165 (2)	0.29877 (10)	0.0651 (5)
C10	0.63442 (13)	0.58377 (14)	0.40028 (9)	0.0447 (4)
C11	0.61824 (13)	0.45310 (14)	0.44888 (9)	0.0435 (4)
C12	0.71375 (14)	0.42145 (14)	0.54554 (9)	0.0465 (4)
C13	0.69547 (17)	0.29878 (16)	0.59079 (11)	0.0566 (5)
C14	0.58574 (18)	0.20702 (16)	0.54196 (12)	0.0623 (6)
C15	0.49193 (17)	0.23502 (18)	0.44764 (12)	0.0634 (6)
C16	0.50768 (15)	0.35652 (16)	0.40257 (10)	0.0546 (5)
H3	0.88450	0.93870	0.27880	0.0590*

## supplementary materials

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H3A	0.8146 (19)	0.584 (2)	0.5502 (13)	0.081 (5)*
H5	0.80190	1.14710	0.46930	0.0650*
H6	0.73880	0.92590	0.50770	0.0650*
H7A	0.97490	0.69400	0.28360	0.0810*
H7B	0.83630	0.73740	0.19370	0.0810*
H7C	0.87250	0.57150	0.22000	0.0810*
H8A	0.94260	1.31660	0.45470	0.0860*
H8B	0.79400	1.34130	0.37000	0.0860*
H8C	0.92150	1.39960	0.36170	0.0860*
H9A	0.54460	0.55340	0.25580	0.0780*
H9B	0.53830	0.71710	0.28420	0.0780*
H9C	0.43940	0.60000	0.29130	0.0780*
H13	0.75810	0.27890	0.65450	0.0680*
H14	0.57450	0.12510	0.57280	0.0750*
H15	0.41820	0.17170	0.41470	0.0760*
H16	0.44280	0.37540	0.33920	0.0660*

### Atomic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )

	$U^{11}$	$U^{22}$	$U^{33}$	$U^{12}$	$U^{13}$	$U^{23}$
O1	0.0874 (8)	0.0495 (6)	0.0738 (7)	0.0032 (5)	0.0573 (6)	0.0023 (5)
O2	0.0742 (7)	0.0501 (6)	0.0724 (7)	-0.0040 (5)	0.0452 (6)	0.0095 (5)
O3	0.0609 (6)	0.0649 (7)	0.0453 (5)	-0.0165 (5)	0.0168 (5)	0.0084 (5)
N1	0.0539 (7)	0.0478 (6)	0.0452 (6)	-0.0039 (5)	0.0274 (5)	0.0045 (5)
C1	0.0480 (7)	0.0491 (8)	0.0439 (7)	-0.0010 (6)	0.0241 (6)	0.0075 (6)
C2	0.0493 (7)	0.0468 (7)	0.0458 (7)	0.0049 (6)	0.0255 (6)	0.0056 (6)
C3	0.0529 (8)	0.0547 (8)	0.0497 (7)	0.0052 (6)	0.0323 (6)	0.0103 (6)
C4	0.0447 (7)	0.0475 (7)	0.0485 (7)	0.0005 (6)	0.0226 (6)	0.0102 (6)
C5	0.0645 (9)	0.0495 (8)	0.0546 (8)	-0.0038 (6)	0.0341 (7)	-0.0012 (6)
C6	0.0665 (9)	0.0574 (9)	0.0512 (7)	-0.0059 (7)	0.0374 (7)	0.0009 (6)
C7	0.0900 (12)	0.0635 (10)	0.0707 (10)	0.0175 (8)	0.0555 (10)	0.0090 (8)
C8	0.0801 (11)	0.0478 (9)	0.0975 (13)	-0.0058 (8)	0.0495 (10)	0.0060 (8)
C9	0.0596 (9)	0.0817 (11)	0.0478 (8)	-0.0058 (8)	0.0204 (7)	0.0110 (7)
C10	0.0469 (7)	0.0524 (8)	0.0413 (6)	0.0005 (6)	0.0262 (6)	0.0003 (6)
C11	0.0495 (7)	0.0463 (7)	0.0423 (7)	-0.0031 (5)	0.0280 (6)	-0.0037 (5)
C12	0.0512 (7)	0.0483 (7)	0.0458 (7)	-0.0053 (6)	0.0277 (6)	-0.0013 (6)
C13	0.0673 (9)	0.0564 (9)	0.0532 (8)	-0.0015 (7)	0.0343 (7)	0.0078 (6)
C14	0.0808 (11)	0.0474 (8)	0.0763 (10)	-0.0089 (7)	0.0517 (9)	0.0016 (7)
C15	0.0680 (10)	0.0570 (9)	0.0743 (10)	-0.0209 (7)	0.0412 (9)	-0.0148 (8)
C16	0.0563 (8)	0.0594 (9)	0.0512 (8)	-0.0097 (7)	0.0280 (7)	-0.0102 (6)

### Geometric parameters ( $\text{\AA}$ , $^\circ$ )

O1—C2	1.3666 (17)	C13—C14	1.371 (3)
O1—C7	1.419 (3)	C14—C15	1.377 (2)
O2—C4	1.3673 (18)	C15—C16	1.370 (2)
O2—C8	1.413 (2)	C3—H3	0.9300
O3—C12	1.3439 (18)	C5—H5	0.9300
O3—H3A	0.976 (19)	C6—H6	0.9300

N1—C1	1.4230 (18)	C7—H7A	0.9600
N1—C10	1.2856 (19)	C7—H7B	0.9600
C1—C6	1.376 (2)	C7—H7C	0.9600
C1—C2	1.404 (2)	C8—H8A	0.9600
C2—C3	1.379 (2)	C8—H8B	0.9600
C3—C4	1.3849 (19)	C8—H8C	0.9600
C4—C5	1.377 (2)	C9—H9A	0.9600
C5—C6	1.382 (2)	C9—H9B	0.9600
C9—C10	1.4968 (19)	C9—H9C	0.9600
C10—C11	1.4713 (19)	C13—H13	0.9300
C11—C16	1.398 (2)	C14—H14	0.9300
C11—C12	1.4146 (18)	C15—H15	0.9300
C12—C13	1.391 (2)	C16—H16	0.9300
C2—O1—C7	117.45 (13)	C4—C5—H5	121.00
C4—O2—C8	117.52 (14)	C6—C5—H5	121.00
C12—O3—H3A	103.2 (12)	C1—C6—H6	119.00
C1—N1—C10	124.58 (12)	C5—C6—H6	119.00
N1—C1—C6	118.35 (13)	O1—C7—H7A	109.00
C2—C1—C6	118.10 (13)	O1—C7—H7B	109.00
N1—C1—C2	123.10 (12)	O1—C7—H7C	109.00
O1—C2—C3	124.31 (14)	H7A—C7—H7B	110.00
C1—C2—C3	119.76 (12)	H7A—C7—H7C	109.00
O1—C2—C1	115.94 (12)	H7B—C7—H7C	109.00
C2—C3—C4	120.71 (14)	O2—C8—H8A	109.00
O2—C4—C5	124.46 (12)	O2—C8—H8B	109.00
C3—C4—C5	120.21 (13)	O2—C8—H8C	110.00
O2—C4—C3	115.32 (13)	H8A—C8—H8B	109.00
C4—C5—C6	118.62 (14)	H8A—C8—H8C	109.00
C1—C6—C5	122.58 (15)	H8B—C8—H8C	109.00
N1—C10—C11	116.87 (12)	C10—C9—H9A	109.00
C9—C10—C11	119.74 (13)	C10—C9—H9B	109.00
N1—C10—C9	123.39 (13)	C10—C9—H9C	109.00
C10—C11—C16	121.83 (12)	H9A—C9—H9B	109.00
C12—C11—C16	117.23 (12)	H9A—C9—H9C	110.00
C10—C11—C12	120.94 (12)	H9B—C9—H9C	110.00
O3—C12—C13	118.18 (12)	C12—C13—H13	120.00
C11—C12—C13	120.11 (14)	C14—C13—H13	120.00
O3—C12—C11	121.71 (12)	C13—C14—H14	120.00
C12—C13—C14	120.36 (14)	C15—C14—H14	120.00
C13—C14—C15	120.58 (15)	C14—C15—H15	120.00
C14—C15—C16	119.68 (16)	C16—C15—H15	120.00
C11—C16—C15	122.03 (14)	C11—C16—H16	119.00
C2—C3—H3	120.00	C15—C16—H16	119.00
C4—C3—H3	120.00		
C7—O1—C2—C1	-170.09 (14)	O2—C4—C5—C6	-178.43 (14)
C7—O1—C2—C3	10.1 (2)	C3—C4—C5—C6	1.3 (2)
C8—O2—C4—C5	-3.5 (2)	C4—C5—C6—C1	-1.8 (2)
C8—O2—C4—C3	176.74 (15)	N1—C10—C11—C12	0.4 (2)

## supplementary materials

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C10—N1—C1—C2	-72.2 (2)	N1—C10—C11—C16	179.48 (15)
C1—N1—C10—C11	-177.45 (14)	C9—C10—C11—C12	-178.44 (14)
C1—N1—C10—C9	1.4 (2)	C9—C10—C11—C16	0.6 (2)
C10—N1—C1—C6	115.74 (17)	C10—C11—C12—O3	-0.8 (2)
N1—C1—C2—C3	-172.73 (14)	C10—C11—C12—C13	178.90 (15)
N1—C1—C6—C5	173.90 (15)	C16—C11—C12—O3	-179.83 (14)
C6—C1—C2—C3	-0.6 (2)	C16—C11—C12—C13	-0.2 (2)
C2—C1—C6—C5	1.4 (2)	C10—C11—C16—C15	-179.76 (16)
N1—C1—C2—O1	7.4 (2)	C12—C11—C16—C15	-0.7 (2)
C6—C1—C2—O1	179.57 (14)	O3—C12—C13—C14	-179.74 (16)
O1—C2—C3—C4	-179.95 (15)	C11—C12—C13—C14	0.6 (3)
C1—C2—C3—C4	0.2 (2)	C12—C13—C14—C15	-0.2 (3)
C2—C3—C4—O2	179.18 (14)	C13—C14—C15—C16	-0.7 (3)
C2—C3—C4—C5	-0.6 (2)	C14—C15—C16—C11	1.1 (3)

### Hydrogen-bond geometry ( $\text{\AA}$ , $^\circ$ )

$D-H\cdots A$	$D-H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-H\cdots A$
O3—H3A $\cdots$ N1	0.976 (19)	1.588 (18)	2.5026 (15)	154.0 (19)



Fig. 1

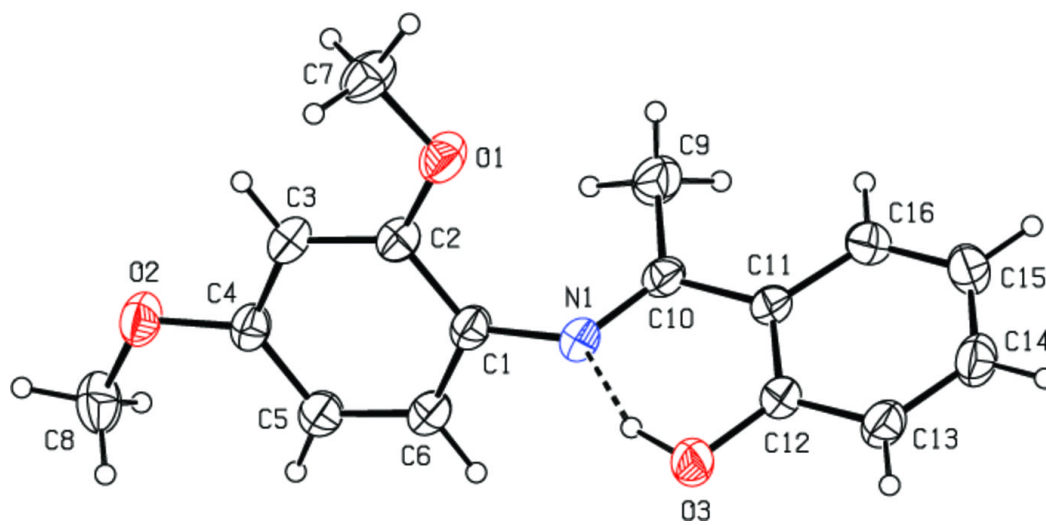


Fig. 2

